

## Medians and Altitudes of Triangles

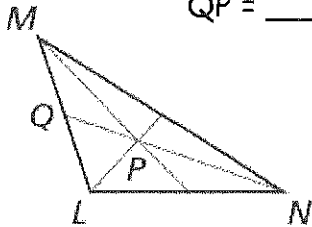
1. Name the four types of **Points of Concurrency**. Which lines intersect to form each of the points?

Point of Concurrency	Special Segment
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

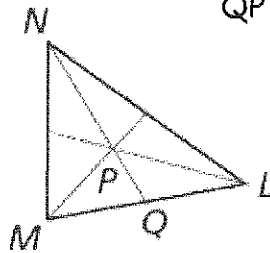
2. The length of a segment from a vertex to the **Centroid** is \_\_\_\_\_ the length of the median from that vertex

For #3 - 6, point P is the **Centroid** of  $\triangle LMN$ .

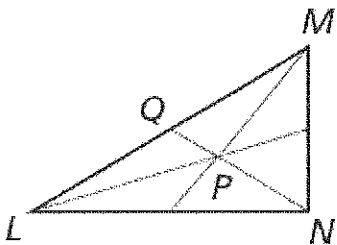
3.  $QN = 9$        $PN =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $QP =$  \_\_\_\_\_



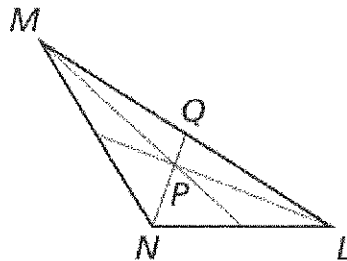
4.  $QN =$  \_\_\_\_\_       $PN = 4x + 8$   
 $QP = 3x$



5.  $QN = 12\sqrt{6}$        $PN =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $QP =$  \_\_\_\_\_



6.  $QN =$  \_\_\_\_\_       $PN =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $QP = 4 + \sqrt{3}$



Chapter 6 Section 3 - Homework

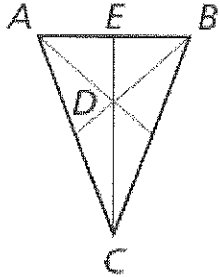
Date Due \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

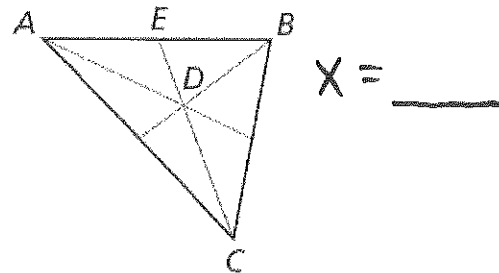
Period \_\_\_\_\_

For #7 - 10, point D is the Centroid of  $\triangle ABC$ .

7.  $DE = 5$      $CD =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
       $CE =$  \_\_\_\_\_

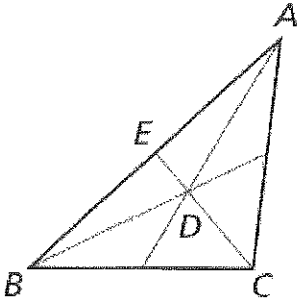


8.  $DE = 11$      $CD =$   $X^2$   
       $CE =$  \_\_\_\_\_

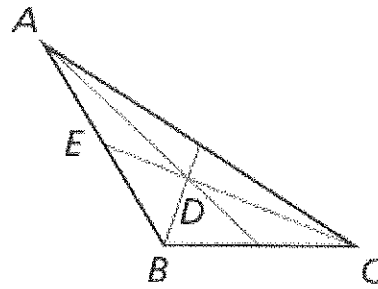


$X =$  \_\_\_\_\_

9.  $DE = 9\sqrt{5}$      $CD =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
       $CE =$  \_\_\_\_\_



10.  $DE = 15x$      $CD =$   $19x + 220$   
       $CE =$  \_\_\_\_\_



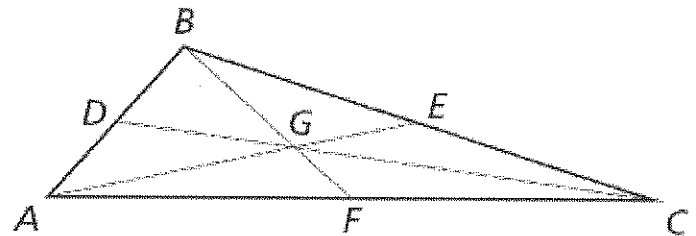
For #11 - 14, point G is the Centroid of  $\triangle ABC$ .  $BG = 6$ ,  $AF = 12$ ,  $DC = 15$ ,  $EG = 4$ , and  $BE = 8$ . Find the length of each segment. Label the triangle. Show all work.

11.  $AC =$

12.  $BF =$

13.  $AG =$

14.  $DG =$



15. Find the coordinates of the **Centroid** of the triangle with the given vertices

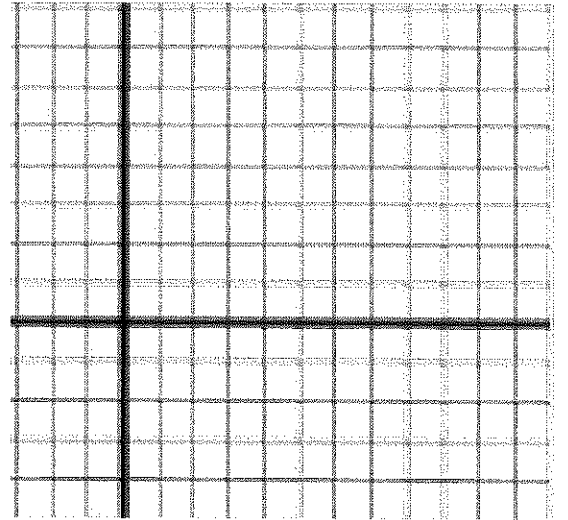
$S(5, 5)$      $T(11, -3)$      $U(-1, 1)$

Midpoint<sub>ST</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_

Midpoint<sub>TU</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_

Midpoint<sub>SU</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_

Coordinates of the Centroid: \_\_\_\_\_



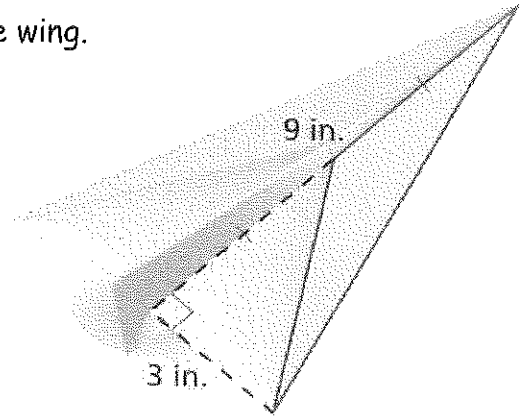
For #16 - 17, describe and correct the error in finding DE. Point D is the **Centroid** of  $\triangle ABC$

16. **X**  $DE = \frac{2}{3} AE$      $AE = 18$   
 $DE = \frac{2}{3} (18)$   
 $DE = 12$

17. **X**  $DE = \frac{2}{3} AD$      $AD = 24$   
 $DE = \frac{2}{3} (24)$   
 $DE = 16$

18. Find the area of the triangular part of the paper airplane wing.

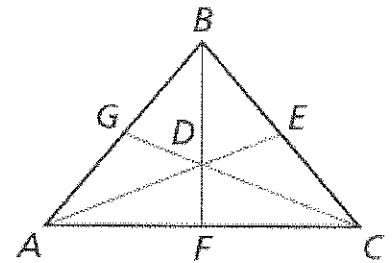
Area = \_\_\_\_\_



Which special segment of the triangle did you use?

For #19 - 22, point D is the **Centroid** of  $\triangle ABC$ . Use the given information to find the value of  $x$ .

19.  $BD = 4x + 5$        $BF = 9x$        $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_



20.  $GD = 2x - 8$        $GC = 3x + 3$        $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

21.  $AD = 5x$        $DE = 3x - 2$        $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

22.  $DF = 4x - 1$        $BD = 6x + 4$        $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

23. In what type of triangles can a vertex be one of the points of concurrency of the triangle?  
Explain your reasoning.

For #24 - 28, use the figure.

24. What type of segment is  $\overline{KM}$  ?

25. Which point of concurrency lies on  $\overline{KM}$  ?

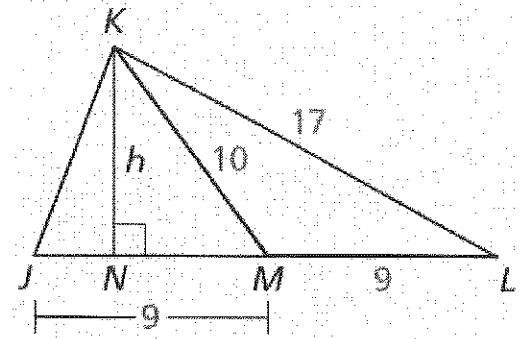
26. What type of segment is  $\overline{KN}$  ?

27. Which point of concurrency lies on  $\overline{KN}$  ?

28. Compare the areas of  $\triangle JKM$  and  $\triangle KLM$ .

Area of  $\triangle JKM$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Area of  $\triangle KLM$  = \_\_\_\_\_



Do you think the areas of the triangles formed by the median of any triangle will always compare this way? Explain your reasoning.

29. Your friend claims that it is possible for the **Circumcenter**, **Incenter**, **Centroid**, and **Orthocenter** to all be the same point. Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.

For #30 - 35, complete the statement with *always*, *sometimes*, or *never*. Explain your reasoning.

30. The **Centroid** is \_\_\_\_\_ on the triangle.
31. The **Orthocenter** is \_\_\_\_\_ outside the triangle.
32. A **Median** is \_\_\_\_\_ the same line segment as a perpendicular bisector.
33. An **Altitude** is \_\_\_\_\_ the same line segment as an angle bisector.
34. The **Centroid** and **Orthocenter** are \_\_\_\_\_ the same point.
35. The **Centroid** is \_\_\_\_\_ formed by the intersection of the three medians.

