

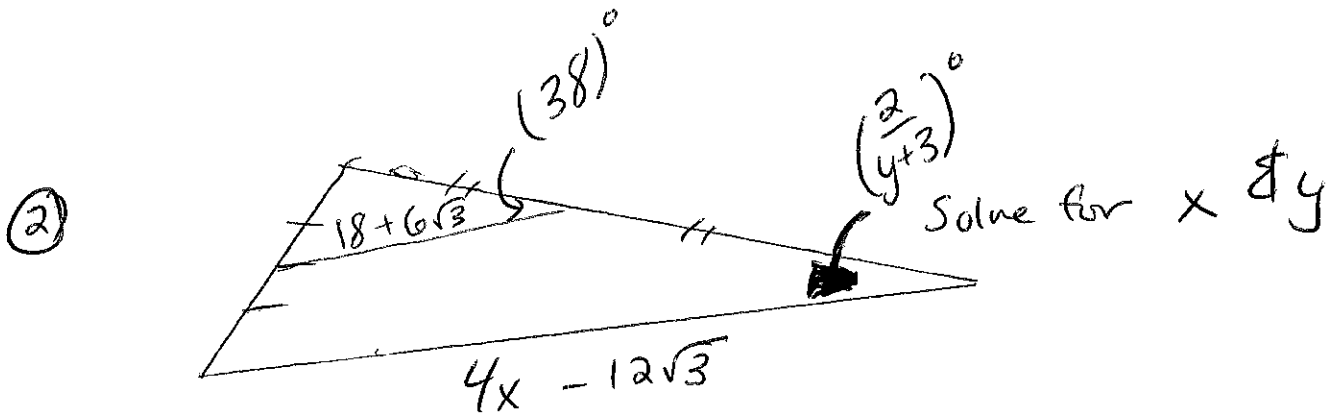
SHOW ALL WORK FOR CREDIT!! You may use your small journals.

① Solve for each variable in the problems using the given information.

a) \overline{BD} is a median of $\triangle ABC$. $AD = x^2$ and $CD = 2x + 15$.

b) \overline{JK} is an angle bisector of $\triangle JLM$. $\angle LJM$ is a right angle,
 $m\angle LJK = (x + 5y)^\circ$, $m\angle LJM = (2x - 5y)^\circ$

c) In $\triangle FGH$, \overline{FJ} , \overline{HI} , and \overline{GK} are centroidss intersecting at point M. $MJ = x^2$ and $FM = 32$



③ Short answer:

a) Three sides of a triangle are 8, 19, and $\frac{5x-4}{2}$. Find the range of the values for x.

b) Which special segment of a triangle does not necessarily contain a vertex of the triangle?

c) In $\triangle PQR$, $m\angle P = (5x)^\circ$, $m\angle Q = (7x + 12)^\circ$ and $m\angle R = (88 - 2x)^\circ$. Find each angle measure and then list the SIDES in order from LEAST to GREATEST.

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Place a check mark where appropriate.



	INCENTER	CIRCUMCENTER	CENTROID	ORTHOCENTER
Is the intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the triangle				
Is the intersection of the medians of the triangle				
Can be located outside the triangle				
Is equidistant from the vertices of the triangle				
Is the center of the inscribed circle of a triangle				
Is located at the midpoint of the hypotenuse of a right triangle				

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